4/8/2020



Text in green is to be part of UCSF building database and may be part of UCOP database

4-8-2020

UCSF Building Seismic Ratings 1442 5TH AVENUE

CAAN #2046

1442 5th AVENUE, SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94122

UCSF Campus: Parnassus





Plan West Elevation

Rating summary	Entry	Notes
UC Seismic Performance Level (rating)	V	Findings based on drawing review and ASCE 41-17 Tier 1 evaluation ¹
Rating basis	Tier 1	ASCE 41-17
Date of rating	2020	
Recommended UCSF priority category for retrofit	Priority B	Priority A = Retrofit ASAP Priority B=Retrofit at next permit application for modification
Ballpark total project cost to retrofit to IV rating	High	See recommendations on further evaluation and retrofit.
Is 2018-2019 rating required by UCOP?	Yes	
Further evaluation recommended?	No	

¹ The evaluations at UCSF translate the Tier 1 evaluation to a Seismic Performance Level rating using professional judgment discussed among the Seismic Review Committee. Non-compliant items in the Tier 1 evaluation do not automatically put a building into a particular rating category, but such items are evaluated along with the combination of building features and potential deficiencies, focused on the potential for collapse or serious damage to the gravity supporting structure that may threaten occupant safety.



Building information used in this evaluation

 Architectural Drawings by The Colyer Group Architects, "UCSF Grad. Student Residence 1442 5th Avenue," dated 19 February 1988 (5 sheets)

Scope for completing this form

Architectural drawings were reviewed and an ASCE 41-17 Tier 1 evaluation was performed. A site visit was made on December 10, 2019 where the building exterior and basement were observed. Access to the upper floors was not available.

Brief description of structure

The building functions as graduate student housing. It was reportedly built in 1912 as a single-family home. There is an apartment on the first and second floors over a basement with garage and utility area. The main floor plate is approximately 25 ft north-south by 43 ft east-west. There is a two-story addition (first and second floors) off the rear that is open below, without a crawlspace. The addition on the back is approximately 12 feet north-south by 14 feet east-west. Drawings showing the construction of the addition were not available for review.

<u>Identification of Levels:</u> Levels are identified on plan as Basement, First Floor, Second Floor, and Roof. The site slopes downward toward the west. The basement (approximately 7'-6") contains a garage to the north and a utility room to the south. The first floor (approximately 10'-0") consists of a kitchen, living room, foyer, bedroom, and two bathrooms. The second floor (approximately 10'-0") consists of four bedrooms and one and a half bathrooms. The roof is flat. The basement is at grade/street level and is used as the base of the building for this evaluation.

<u>Foundation system</u>: Existing foundation drawings are not available. It is presumed there are continuous footings below bearing walls. During the site visit on December 10, 2019 continuous concrete stem wall footings were observed around the ground floor level. The rear portion is supported on wood posts on isolated footings at the two eastern-most corners.

<u>Structural system for vertical (gravity) load:</u> Drawings showing the existing framing are not available. It is presumed based on the age of the building that wood joists span to load bearing wood framed walls.

Structural system for lateral forces: Drawings showing the existing framing are not available. It is presumed based on the age of the building that a sheathed diaphragm distributes load to the interior and exterior wood framed walls sheathed with gypsum board and/or plaster. There was a ceiling in the basement, so it could not be determined if the sheathing in the first floor was straight or diagonal sheathing. All exterior basement walls have gyp sheathing on the interior side, as specified in the 1988 drawings. No evidence of seismic upgrading was observed.

<u>Building Code</u>: The building was reportedly constructed in 1911, prior to a building code being enacted. However, no documentation was available to confirm the construction date.

<u>Building Condition</u>: What could be observed of the structure of the building appeared to be in fair condition; however, most of the structure was concealed behind finishes. The concrete stem walls in the utility space were poorly consolidated in many areas and some spalling was observed. The wood siding, trim, and rear wood exterior patio and stairs looked to be in good condition. The building underwent a renovation in 1988, which was mostly cosmetic in nature.

<u>Building response in 1989 Loma Prieta Earthquake:</u> The report titled "Performance of UCSF Buildings During the October 17, 1989 Loma Prieta Earthquake" by Impell Corporation stated the exterior and interior of the building was inspected after the earthquake and shifting of doors were observed in the janitor's room.

Brief description of seismic deficiencies and expected seismic performance including structural behavior modes

- The building relies on interior and exterior walls for shear resistance. There is not enough wall present to pass the Tier 1 quick check in the transverse or longitudinal direction in any story.
- Based on the age of construction, the walls between levels are not expected to be detailed to transfer shear and overturning forces between levels.



- The building is located on a sloped site. However, there is a significant length of wall on the downhill side of the building.
- The building is built to the property line with virtually no separation between the neighboring buildings to the north.
- The basement cripple walls were sheathed with gypsum board on the inside of all exterior walls. The interior wall is sheathed with straight sheathing. Based on the age of construction it is assumed the anchor bolts for the sill plate are not adequate.

Structural deficiency	Affects rating?	Structural deficiency	Affects rating?
Lateral system stress check (wall shear, column shear or flexure, or brace axial as applicable)	Y	Openings at shear walls (concrete or masonry)	N
Load path	Υ	Liquefaction	N
Adjacent buildings	Υ	Slope failure	N
Weak story	Υ	Surface fault rupture	N
Soft story	N	Masonry or concrete wall anchorage at flexible diaphragm	N
Geometry (vertical irregularities)	N	URM wall height-to-thickness ratio	N
Torsion	N	URM parapets or cornices	N
Mass – vertical irregularity	N	URM chimney	N
Cripple walls	Υ	Heavy partitions braced by ceilings	N
Wood sills (bolting)	Υ	Appendages	N
Diaphragm continuity	N		

Summary of review of non-structural life-safety concerns, including at exit routes. ²

It appeared the chimney had been replaced with a sheet metal flue. The facilities maintenance technician assisting with the site visit noted that the units have fireplaces, but they had been blocked off.

The water heater in the basement is strapped to the wall and had flex connections to the gas line. Bracing of the furnace was not observed.

UCOP non-structural checklist item	Life safety hazard?	UCOP non-structural checklist item	Life safety hazard?
Heavy ceilings, feature or ornamentation above large lecture halls, auditoriums, lobbies or other areas where large numbers of people congregate	None Observed	Unrestrained hazardous materials storage	None Observed
Heavy masonry or stone veneer above exit ways and public access areas	None Observed	Masonry chimneys	None Observed
Unbraced masonry parapets, cornices or other ornamentation above exit ways and public access areas	None Observed	Unrestrained natural gas-fueled equipment such as water heaters, boilers, emergency generators, etc.	None Observed

Basis of Seismic Performance Level Rating

The length of wall in the subject building is well below the amount required by the ASCE 41 Tier 1 procedures, and connections between walls between levels of the building and to the foundation are not adequate for resisting seismic loading. The building is listed as Priority B because there is a relatively low risk to occupant life-safety posed by conventional wood-framed construction.

UCSF Building Seismic Ratings 1442 5th Avenue, CAAN #2046

² For these Tier 1 evaluations, we do not visit all spaces of the building; we rely on campus staff to report to us their understanding of if and where non-structural hazards may occur.



Recommendations for further evaluation or retrofit

No further evaluation of this building is recommended. There is relatively low risk to occupant life-safety posed by this type of building based on historical performance of similar building types. It is recommended that work to improve the seismic performance of the building be included with any future renovation requiring a building permit.

Peer review comments on rating

The structural members of the UCSF Seismic Review Committee (SRC) reviewed the evaluation on January 8, 2020 and are unanimous that the rating is V.

Additional building data	Entry	Notes
Latitude	37.76156	
Longitude	-122.46168	
Are there other structures besides this one under the same CAAN#	No	
Number of stories above lowest perimeter grade	4	
Number of stories (basements) below lowest perimeter grade	0	
Building occupiable area (OGSF)	3,366	
Risk Category per 2016 CBC 1604.5	II	
Building structural height, h_n	28 ft	Structural height defined per ASCE 7-16 Section 11.2
Coefficient for period, C_t	0.02	Per ASCE 41-17 equation 4-4
Coefficient for period, eta	0.75	Per ASCE 41-17 equation 4-4
Estimated fundamental period	0.243 sec	Per ASCE 41-17 equation 4-4
Site data		
975 yr hazard parameters S _s , S ₁	1.563, 0.617	UCSF Group 3 Buildings – Tier 1 Geotechnical Assessment, Egan (2019)
Site class	С	
Site class basis	Geotech Parameters	UCSF Group 3 Buildings – Tier 1 Geotechnical Assessment, Egan (2019)
Site parameters F_a , F_v	1.200, 1.400	UCSF Group 3 Buildings – Tier 1 Geotechnical Assessment, Egan (2019)
Ground motion parameters Scs, Sc1	1.876, 0.864	UCSF Group 3 Buildings – Tier 1 Geotechnical Assessment, Egan (2019)
S_a at building period	1.876	
Site V _{s30}	390 m/s	
V _{s30} basis	Geotech Parameters	UCSF Group 3 Buildings – Tier 1 Geotechnical Assessment, Egan (2019)
Liquefaction potential/basis	No	UCSF Group 3 Buildings – Tier 1 Geotechnical Assessment, Egan (2019)
Landslide potential/basis	No	UCSF Group 3 Buildings – Tier 1 Geotechnical Assessment, Egan (2019)
Active fault-rupture hazard identified at site?	No	



Site-specific ground motion study?	No	
Applicable code		
Applicable code or approx. date of original construction	Built: 1911	Reported date, not confirmed
Applicable code for partial retrofit	None	No partial retrofit known
Applicable code for full retrofit	None	No full retrofit known
Model building data		
Model building type North-South	W1 : Wood Light Frames	
Model building type East-West	W1: Wood Light Frames	
FEMA P-154 score	N/A	Not included here because an ASCE 41 Tier 1 evaluation was performed.
Previous ratings		
Most recent rating	V	2013 Report
Date of most recent rating	10/7/2013	Basis: Qualitative assessment based on drawing reviewed
2 nd most recent rating	-	
Date of 2 nd most recent rating	-	
3 rd most recent rating	-	
Date of 3 rd most recent rating	-	
Appendices		
ASCE 41 Tier 1 checklist included here?	Yes	Refer to attached checklist file



Appendix A

Additional Images



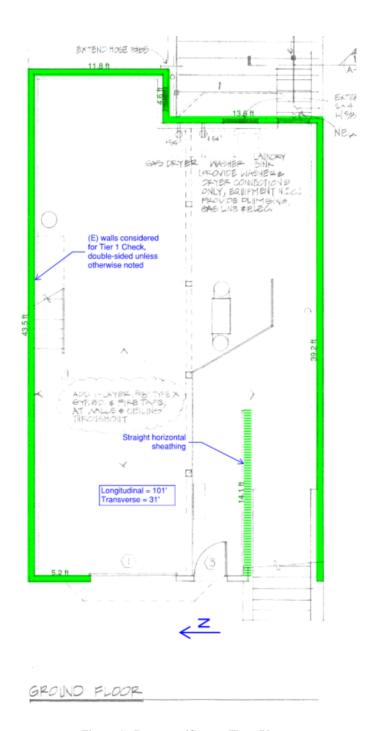


Figure 1 - Basement/Garage Floor Plan



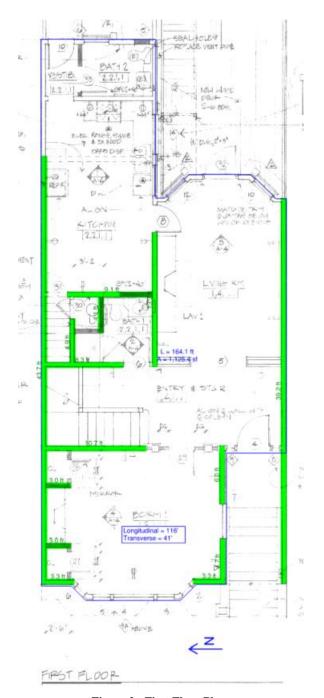


Figure 2 - First Floor Plan



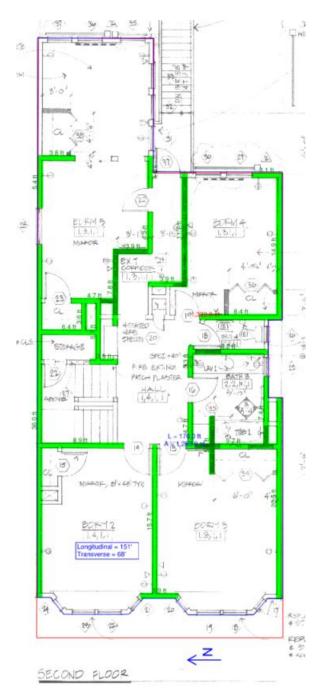


Figure 3 - Second Floor Plan





Figure 4 - Exterior Elevation (West Elevation)

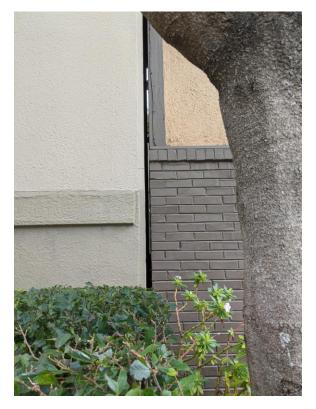


Figure 5 – Building Separation to the North



Figure 6 – South Exterior Wall and Rear



Figure~7-Underside~of~First~Floor~Entrance~Stairs~and~Backside~of~Interior~Partition



Figure 8 – Anchored Water Heater, Concrete Stem Wall, & Gyp Wall Sheathing



Figure 9 – Top and Bottom of Interior Post



Figure 10 - Exterior Wood Stairs and Elevated Rear Addition on Posts

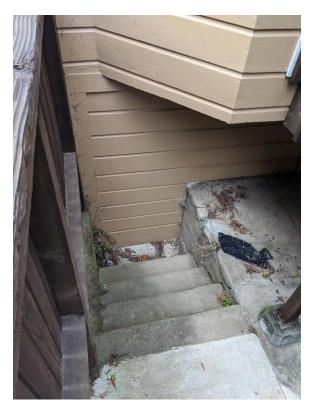


Figure 11 – Infill of Original Rear Basement Egress Door per 1988 Drawings



Appendix B

ASCE 41- 17 Tier 1 Checklists (Structural)

UC Campus:	San Fran	cisco	Date:		1/3/2020	
Building CAAN:	2046	Auxiliary CAAN:	By Firm:		Estructure	
Building Name:	1442 5 th A	venue	Initials:	AJS	Checked:	MTP
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ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Basic Configuration Checklist

LO	W :	SEI	SMI	ICITY
BU	ILDI	NG	SYS	STEMS - GENERAL
				Description
C	NC •	N/A	U	LOAD PATH: The structure contains a complete, well-defined load path, including structural elements and connections, that serves to transfer the inertial forces associated with the mass of all elements of the building to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.1) Comments:
				Based on the age of construction, it is presumed detailing does not provide transfer of forces between walls and between levels of the building.
C	NC •	N/A	U C	ADJACENT BUILDINGS: The clear distance between the building being evaluated and any adjacent building is greater than 0.25% of the height of the shorter building in low seismicity, 0.5% in moderate seismicity, and 1.5% in high seismicity. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.2)
				Comments: The building to the south is built close to the property line, with minimal separation from the subject building.
O	NC O	N/A		MEZZANINES: Interior mezzanine levels are braced independently from the main structure or are anchored to the seismic-force-resisting elements of the main structure. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.3)
				Comments:
BU	ILDI	ING	SYS	STEMS - BUILDING CONFIGURATION
				Description
C	NC ①	N/A	U	WEAK STORY: The sum of the shear strengths of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story in each direction is not less than 80% of the strength in the adjacent story above. (Commentary: Sec. A2.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.1)
				Comments: In the transverse direction (north-south), the sum of shear strength in the ground floor and first floor is 76% and 60% of the story above, respectively. In the longitudinal direction, the sum shear strength in the first floor is 77% of the story above.
C	NC ①	N/A	U	SOFT STORY: The stiffness of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story is not less than 70% of the seismic-force-resisting system stiffness in an adjacent story above or less than 80% of the average seismic-force-resisting system stiffness of the three stories above. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.2)
				Comments: In the transverse direction (north-south), the sum of shear strength in the ground floor and first floor is 76% and 60% of the story above, respectively. In the longitudinal direction, the sum shear strength in the first floor is 77% of the story above.

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ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Basic Configuration Checklist

C	NC ©	N/A	U	VERTICAL IRREGULARITIES: All vertical elements in the seismic-force-resisting system are continuous to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.3) Comments: Some walls are discontinuous between the ground and first story.
C	NC C	N/A	U	GEOMETRY: There are no changes in the net horizontal dimension of the seismic-force-resisting system of more than 30% in a story relative to adjacent stories, excluding one-story penthouses and mezzanines. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.4) Comments:
C	NC	N/A	U	MASS: There is no change in effective mass of more than 50% from one story to the next. Light roofs, penthouses, and mezzanines need not be considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.6. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.5) Comments:
C ⊙	NC O	N/A	U	TORSION: The estimated distance between the story center of mass and the story center of rigidity is less than 20% of the building width in either plan dimension. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.6) Comments:

MODERATE SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN ADDITION TO THE ITEMS FOR LOW SEISMICITY)

Note: C = Compliant NC = Noncompliant N/A = Not Applicable U = Unknown

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ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Basic Configuration Checklist

MODERATE SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN ADDITION TO THE ITEMS FOR LOW SEISMICITY)

1			
GEOL	OGIO	SI	TE HAZARD
C NO	C N/A	U	SURFACE FAULT RUPTURE: Surface fault rupture and surface displacement at the building site are not anticipated. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.3. Tier 2: 5.4.3.1)
			Comments:
			ICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN ADDITION TO THE MODERATE SEISMICITY)
FOUN	IDAT	ON	CONFIGURATION
			Description
C No		U	OVERTURNING: The ratio of the least horizontal dimension of the seismic-force-resisting system at the foundation level to the building height (base/height) is greater than $0.6S_a$. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.3)
			Comments:
			0.6 Sa = 0.6 * 1.876 = 1.125 Base = 25 ft; height = 28 ft Base/Height = 0.893 < 1.125
CN	C N/A	U	TIES BETWEEN FOUNDATION ELEMENTS: The foundation has ties adequate to resist seismic forces where footings, piles, and piers are not restrained by beams, slabs, or soils classified as Site Class A, B, or C. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.4)

Comments: Site class C.

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LO	LOW AND MODERATE SEISMICITY						
SE	SMI	C-F	ORC	CE-RESISTING SYSTEM			
				Description			
C •	NC O	N/A		REDUNDANCY: The number of lines of shear walls in each principal direction is greater than or equal to 2. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.1.1) Comments:			
C	NC	N/A		SHEAR STRESS CHECK: The shear stress in the shear walls, calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.4.3.3, is less than the following values: (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.1.1)			
				Structural panel sheathing 1,000 lb/ft (14.6 kN/m)			
				Diagonal sheathing 700 lb/ft (10.2 kN/m)			
				Straight sheathing 100 lb/ft (1.5 kN/m)			
				All other conditions 100 lb/ft (1.5 kN/m)			
				No levels pass the quick check stress check. At the ground floor the wall stresses in the quick check are 600 plf in the east-west direction and 1,955 plf in the north-south direction compared with the allowable 186 plf and 200 plf, respectively. Note the ground floor capacity is based on the weighted average of walls per the attached calculations. Where sheathing occurs on both sides, capacities are doubled			
C	NC	N/A		STUCCO (EXTERIOR PLASTER) SHEAR WALLS: Multi-story buildings do not rely on exterior stucco walls as the primary seismic-force-resisting system. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1)			
				Comments: Only the upper levels of the west exterior wall are covered in stucco, which are less than 20% of the total walls at these levels.			
С	NC	N/A		GYPSUM WALLBOARD OR PLASTER SHEAR WALLS: Interior plaster or gypsum wallboard is not used for shear walls on buildings more than one story high with the exception of the uppermost level of a multi-story building. (Commentary: Sec.			
0	•	0		A.3.2.7.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1)			
				Comments: Interior walls provide much of the shear resistance, particularly in the transverse (north-south) direction.			
C	NC	N/A		NARROW WOOD SHEAR WALLS: Narrow wood shear walls with an aspect ratio greater than 2-to-1 are not used to resist seismic forces. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1)			
				Comments: Some of the walls considered for the quick check have an aspect ratio greater than 2 to 1.			

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C	NC	N/A	U	WALLS CONNECTED THROUGH FLOORS: Shear walls have an interconnection between stories to transfer overturning and shear forces through the floor. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.2)
				Comments:
				Existing drawings showing wall details are not provided but it is presumed there are no ties between floors to transfer load between floors.
C	NC O	N/A	U	HILLSIDE SITE: For structures that are taller on at least one side by more than one-half story because of a sloping site, all shear walls on the downhill slope have an aspect ratio less than 1-to-1. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.6. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.3)
				Comments: While the site slope down to the west, it does not appear the change in elevation across the transverse direction of the building is greater than one-half story
C	NC	N/A	U	CRIPPLE WALLS: Cripple walls below first-floor-level shear walls are braced to the foundation with wood structural panels. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.4)
				Comments: No plywood sheathing could be observed on cripple walls in the basement. It is presumed, based on the age of construction and available existing drawings, that the cripple walls are not sheathed with wood structural panels.
C	NC O	N/A	U	OPENINGS: Walls with openings greater than 80% of the length are braced with wood structural panel shear walls with aspect ratios of not more than 1.5-to-1 or are supported by adjacent construction through positive ties capable of transferring the seismic forces. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.8. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.5)
				Comments: The ground floor front wall has significant openings for the garage door (13.1 ft), but the openings are less than 80% of the wall length (18.3 ft). There are no wood structural panels present.
СО	NNE	ECTI	ON	S
				Description
C	NC	N/A	_	WOOD POSTS: There is a positive connection of wood posts to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3)
O	◉	0	0	
				Comments:
				Wood posts did not have positive connections to the foundation.
С	NC	N/A	U	WOOD SILLS: All wood sills are bolted to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3)
0	0	0	•	Commenter
				Comments: All exterior wood sills in the basement space were concealed by plaster. However, based on the age of the building it is anticipated the wood sill bolting is not adequate.
C	NC	N/A	U	GIRDER-COLUMN CONNECTION: There is a positive connection using plates, connection hardware, or straps between the girder and the column support. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.4.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.4.1)
				Comments: Wood posts did not have positive connections to girders.

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HIGH SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN ADDITION TO THE ITEMS FOR LOW AND MODERATE SEISMICITY) CONNECTIONS Description WOOD SILL BOLTS: Sill bolts are spaced at 6 ft or less with acceptable edge and end distance provided for wood and C NC N/A U concrete. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3) 0 0 \circ Comments: All exterior wood sills in the basement space were concealed by plaster. However, based on the age of the building it is anticipated the wood sill bolting is not adequate. **DIAPHRAGMS** Description DIAPHRAGM CONTINUITY: The diaphragms are not composed of split-level floors and do not have expansion joints. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1) 0 0 Comments No split levels or expansion joints. ROOF CHORD CONTINUITY: All chord elements are continuous, regardless of changes in roof elevation. (Commentary: C NC N/A U Sec. A.4.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1) 0 0 Comments: Chords are at one elevation. However, existing drawings showing splice details are not available. C NC N/A U STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight-sheathed diaphragms have aspect ratios less than 2-to-1 in the direction being considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2) \odot Comments: Maximum Aspect Ratio = 39 ft : 25 ft. C NC N/A U SPANS: All wood diaphragms with spans greater than 24 ft (7.3 m) consist of wood structural panels or diagonal sheathing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2) \odot 0 0 Comments: Existing drawings showing roof sheathing are not available and all areas had ceiling finishes. It is presumed the diaphragm has straight sheathing based on the age of construction. The first floor diaphragm span is greater than 24

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C	NC O	N/A	U	DIAGONALLY SHEATHED AND UNBLOCKED DIAPHRAGMS: All diagonally sheathed or unblocked wood structural panel diaphragms have horizontal spans less than 40 ft (12 m) and have aspect ratios less than or equal to 4-to-1. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)
				Comments:
				All diaphragms span less than 40 ft. Maximum span is 39 ft.
С	NC	N/A	U	OTHER DIAPHRAGMS: The diaphragms do not consist of a system other than wood, metal deck, concrete, or horizontal
0	0	•	0	bracing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.7.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.5)
				Comments:



Appendix C

UCOP Seismic Safety policy Falling Hazards Assessment Summary

UC Campus:	San Fra	ncisco	Date:		1/3/2020	
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UCOP SEISMIC SAFETY POLICY Falling Hazard Assessment Summary

	Description
P N/A □ ⊠	Heavy ceilings, features or ornamentation above large lecture halls, auditoriums, lobbies, or other areas where large numbers of people congregate (50 ppl or more) Comments:
	Heavy masonry or stone veneer above exit ways or public access areas Comments:
P N/A □ ⊠	Unbraced masonry parapets, cornices, or other ornamentation above exit ways or public access areas Comments:
	Unrestrained hazardous material storage Comments:
	Masonry chimneys Comments: It appeared the chimney had been replaced with a sheet metal flue. The facilities maintenance technician assisting with the site visit noted that the units have fireplaces, but they had been blocked off.
P N/A □ ⊠	Unrestrained natural gas-fueled equipment such as water heaters, boilers, emergency generators, etc. Comments: The water heater was anchored to the wall.
P N/A	Other: Comments:
P N/A	Other: Comments:
P N/A □ □	Other: Comments:

Falling Hazards Risk: Low



Appendix D

Quick Check Calculations



	Dead loads & Seismic Weight Calculation						
	Roof Assembly						
Roofing		3 psf	Estimate, Assume Asphalt Shingles				
Sheathing		3 psf	Estimate, Assumed 1x Sheathing				
Roof Joists		6 <i>psf</i>	Estimate, Assumed 2x10 @16				
Ceiling		9 <i>psf</i>					
MEP		0.5 <i>psf</i>					
Misc		0.5 <i>psf</i>					
Walls		5 <i>psf</i>					
Total	Σ	27 psf	Flat roof				

Floor Assembly						
Flooring		2 psf	Estimate, Assume Carpet			
Sheathing		3 psf	Estimate, Assumed 1x Sheathing			
Wood Framing		6 <i>psf</i>	Estimate, Assumed 2x10 @16			
Ceilings		2.25 <i>psf</i>	Estimate, 5/8" Gyp Board			
MEP		0.5 <i>psf</i>				
Misc		0.5 <i>psf</i>				
Partitions		10 psf				
Total	Σ	24 psf				

Exterior Wall Assembly - Wood Siding						
Finish		2 psf	Estimate, Wood Siding			
Sheathing		3 psf	Estimate, Assumed 1x Sheathing			
Wood Framing		1.5 <i>psf</i>	Estimate, Assumed 2x6 @16			
Insulation		0.5 <i>psf</i>				
Interior Finish		2.25 <i>psf</i>	Estimate, 5/8" Gyp Board			
MEP		0.5 <i>psf</i>				
Misc		0.5 <i>psf</i>				
Total	Σ	10 psf				

		Exterior Wall Finish - Stucco				
Finish		10 <i>psf</i>	Estimate, Stucco, less wood siding			
		-2 psf	Less wood siding			
Total	Σ	8 psf	Add to typical ext. wall assembly, where occurs			

Exterior Wall Finish - Brick Veneer					
Finish 39 psf Estimate, Brick Veneer					
		-2 psf	Less wood siding		
Total	tal Solution 2				



		Lev	el 3 (Roof)
Roof Assembly	р	27 <i>psf</i>	
	Α	1330 ft ²	
	Wt	35.91 kips	
Exterior Wall - Wood	р	10 <i>psf</i>	
	h_{trib}	5 <i>ft</i>	Half approximate floor height
	L	170 ft	
	Wt	8.72 <i>kips</i>	
Exterior Wall - Stucco	р	8 psf	Along front wall only
	h_{trib}	7 ft	Half approximate floor height + 2 foot parapet
	L	25 <i>ft</i>	
	Wt	1.40 kips	
Seismic Weight	ΣW_{typ}	46 kips	

			Level 2	
Floor Assembly	р	24 psf		
	Α	1260 ft ²		
	Wt	30.56 kips		
Exterior Wall - Wood	р	10 <i>psf</i>		
	\mathbf{h}_{trib}	10 ft	Approximate floor height	
	L	167 ft		
	Wt	17.12 kips		
Exterior Wall - Stucco	р	8 psf	Along front wall only	
	h_{trib}	10 ft	Approximate floor height	
	L	25 ft		
	Wt	2.00 kips		
Seismic Weight	ΣW_{typ}	50 kips		

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			Level 1
Floor Assembly	р	24 psf	
	Α	1125 ft ²	
	Wt	27.28 kips	
Exterior Wall - Wood	р	10 <i>psf</i>	
	h_{trib}	10 ft	Approximate floor height
	L	164 ft	
	Wt	16.82 kips	
Exterior Wall - Stucco	р	8 psf	Along front wall only
	h_{trib}	5 <i>ft</i>	Half approximate floor height
	L	25 ft	
	Wt	1.00 kips	
Exterior Wall - Brick	р	37 psf	Along front wall only
	h_{trib}	5 <i>ft</i>	Half approximate floor height
	L	25 ft	
	Wt	4.63 kips	
Seismic Weight	ΣW_{typ}	50 kips	



Earthquake	Site Parameters - UCSF Group 3 Buildings – Tier 1 Geotechnical Assessment, Egan (2019)				
BSE-C	S _s = 1.563	F _a = 1.2	S _{Cs} = 1.876		
B3L-C	S ₁ = 0.617	F _v = 1.4	S _{C1} = 0.864		

	В	uilding Period	
Empirical factor	C _t	0.02	ASCE 41-17 Sec. 4.4.2.4
Roof level height	h	28 ft	ASCE 7-18, 11.2
Empirical factor	β	0.75	ASCE 41-17 Sec. 4.4.2.4
Fundamental period, $T = C_t h_n^{\beta} =$		0.243 sec	ASCE 41-17 Sec. 4.4.2.4 eqn. 4-4

Calculate Base Shear						
Spectral Acceleration	$S_a = S_{X1} / T = 3.55$		ASCE 41-17, 4.4.2.3			
	$S_{a,max} = S_{XS} = 1.8756$	governs	ASCE 41-17, 4.4.2.3			
Modification Factor	C = 1.00		ASCE 41-17, Table 4-7			
Pseudo Seismic Force	$V = S_a \times C \times W =$	1.88 x W	ASCE 41-17, Eqn. 4-1			
	V =	273 kips				

	Seismic Force Vertical Distribution							
Level	Weight (kips)	Weight (kips) Height (ft) $w_x h_x$ (kip_ft) $C_{vx} = w_x h_x / \sum w_x h_x$ $F_x = C_{vx} V$ Story She						
3rd	46	27.5	1266	0.50	138	138		
2nd	50	17.5	869	0.35	95	232		
1st	50	7.5	373	0.15	41	273		
Σ	145	Σ	2508	1.00	273			



Prepared by: AJS Reviewed by: MTP 1/3/2022

			Longitudinal	Direction (East-West)			
Story	Story Shear (kips)	Length of Wall (ft)	M _s Factor (ASCE 41-17, Table 4-8)	Average Story Shear Stress (plf)	Quick Check Shear Capacity ⁽¹⁾ (plf)	Pass? (Y/N)	Lvl N Strength / Lvl N+1 Strength
2	138	151	4.5	203	200	N	
1	232	116	4.5	445	200	N	77%
Ground	273	101	4.5	600	186 ⁽²⁾	N	81%

	Transverse Direction (North-South)						
Story	Story Shear (kips)	Length of Wall (ft)	M _s Factor (ASCE 41-17, Table 4-8)	Average Story Shear Stress (plf)	Quick Check Shear Capacity ⁽¹⁾ (plf)	Pass? (Y/N)	Lvl N Strength / Lvl N+1 Strength
2	138	68	4.5	450	200	N	
1	232	41	4.5	1259	200	N	60%
Ground	273	31	4.5	1,955	200	N	76%

1. Shear capacity is doubled where walls are covered on both sides.

2. Weighted Ground Floor Capacity

Asse	mbly	Capacity (plf)		Length (ft)	Capacity (lbs)
1-si	ded	100		14.1	1,410
2-si	ded	200		86.9	17,380
			Σ	101	18,790
			ΣC	apacity / Σ Length	= 186 plf